

The Changing Landscape in Lending PDI Forum – June 2019

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Massive Change and Redistribution of Wealth

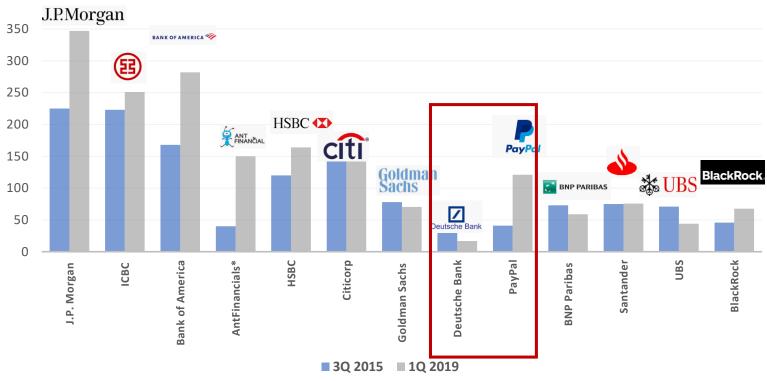
At a level not seen before

- 1. Around 28% of EUR area non-financial company debt issuance are held by euro area investment funds, up from 18% pre-crisis. (ECB, 1 May, 2019)
- 2. Capital raising in Fintech: USD 110 bn (1/3rd in Europe). 3000 companies, cc 800 SME Lending Platforms. *KPMG*, 2019).
- 3. BigTech Investments and Interest in Lending
- 4. 35-40% of underwriting of SMEs happen via new digital origination models in Europe by 2025. (Citi, McKinsey)

Fast changing space

Market Capitalization of selected Financial Services firms

Development in 3.5 years – from Q3 2015 till Q1 2019



^{*}Private company. Estimates based on funding rounds. All figures are in USD billion. (Source: Gabriella Kindert, 2019.)

New names























Style shift...







Goldman Sachs



The Drivers

Manifold factors coinciding

CONTRACTION OF BANK'S
BALANCE SHEET

DEMAND FOR INVESTMENT PRODUCTS

Live State of the state of

The issue with the banking system in Europe

Moved from B/S issue to Profitability

- Economic Value Added (EVA favours big, high grade companies)
 - Cost of Funding: Mismatch
 - Cost of Operation: Increasing compliance costs, FTE, Systems
 - Cost of Credit Loss: Cost of measuring, Systems
- Culture
- Inherited high costs structure with old IT systems

Big Data Insight – New Ecosystem is born

Often outside the financial system

Data Source



Data Analytics

(Quantity and Methods)

Moving to Big Data and New Digital Sources

Conventional data points

Financial Statements; Income tax returns, Latest cash flow statements
Credit Bureaus

New Data Points

Email verifications
Location; Education, Job history
Social Network
Ecommerce transaction data
Behavioural relates (to complete,
spelling mistakes)

Data Points: AI (12k – 100k) Machine Learning

AntFinancials
Lenddo
ZEST
underwrite.ai
TALA - Ginimachine
James Credit Scoring
Elevate
SAS Enterprise Miller
Petal - Affirm
ING — NIBC - BBVA — GS
Funding Circle

Credit Scoring

Higher accuracy, Loss Reduction

Faster disbursement Detection of fraud - KYC Anti Money Laundering - Terror Financing checks

Disbursement

Robotic Process Automation

Faster disbursement Detection of fraud - KYC Anti Money Laundering - Terror Financing checks

Monitoring

Early signals and Predictive Features

Detection of fraud Automated risk pricing

New approach to Business Models

Funding and Liquidity

Standardization
ALM Matching
Involving Retail Funding

CrossLend, Brismo, Bedford Row Capital

Reporting

Deal Sourcing Reporting MIS

Efront, BlackMountain, CEPRES
Dealnexus, Axial

Data Management

Shared Database Blockchain Technology

Corda (R3)

Caveat:

- Standardisation remains a challenge
- New Risks are born

What is the Problem we are trying to solve? Who benefits?

Benefits: Above all for consumers

Similar to other industries (Telecom, Music)

Better Pricing

Better analysis - Better ability to predict default (25-50%)

"Machine learning may reduce credit losses by up to 10 per cent"

(McKinsey)

Cheaper Faster Underwriting

Significant reduction 25-90%

Personalization & Fair

Better services
Bias reduction

Inclusion

46 million Americans "credit invisible,": no file at one of the three major credit bureaus

Key take aways

Fast forward 5 years from now

- 1. Many element of the underwriting risk assessment and servicing process will be a more digital AI based process
- 2. Some applications and standards used in lower SME segments are likely to move up
- 3. Higher standardisation in risk assessment and reporting and widely applied MIS application to help efficiency
- 4. More Private Debt firms partner up to create a shared transaction database



Discussion

Value Proposition and Risks

	Corporate and SME Debt – different markets / different approach			
	Leveraged Loans	Direct Lending Private Equity backed	Direct Lending Corporate - SME Sponsorless	Direct Lending SME (Digital)
	BESPOKE WITH INCREASING ELEMENTS OF STANDARDIZATION	BESPOKE ASSET SELECTION	BESPOKE ASSET SELECTION	PORTFOLIO APPROACH
Typical Borrower Size EBITDA	EUR 250 mln +	Wide Range EUR 20 – 250+ mln	Wide range EUR 5 – 150 mln	EUR 10 k – 1 mln
Transaction Management & Costs	Strong External Due Diligence package Standardized LMA High Fee	Strong External Due Diligence Bespoke Often Unitranche High Fee	Due Diligence but often limited scope High relative transaction cost	No independent DD Financial Statement Business Plan Digital Risk Assessment
Origination Channel	Bespoke Capital Market M&A advisory PE relationship	Bespoke Strong network with PE network and relationship required	Bespoke M&A advisory also digitial channels	Digital Matching Standardization Reduced Cost
Liquidity	Secondary Market	Limited	Limited	Increasing Digital Secondary Market Solutions

Key risks within disintermediated lending

Discussion Points

Alignment of interests

- One of the reasons behind the recent financial crisis: detachment of the credit risk from the originator (no "skin in the game").
- This is mirrored in the fragmented nature of FinTech within the value chain.

Overconfidence bias & illusion of control

- Technological innovations do not always lead to superior risk assessment capabilities.
- Overconfidence can lead to a false belief that new technologies greatly improve our predictive abilities.

Differences in regulation blur the picture

- In the presence of exceptionally high regulatory burden for incumbents, new players enjoy significant competitive advantage.
- Could FinTechs sustain their business model and competitive advantage if faced with similar regulations?